



PROJECT INFORMATION

Project summary

Circular economy aims at reducing value loss and avoiding waste, by circulating materials or product parts before they become waste. Today, lack of support for sharing data in a secure, quality assured, and automated way is one of the main obstacles that industry actors point to when creating new circular value networks. Together with using different terminologies and not having explicit definitions of the concepts that appear in data, this makes it very difficult to create new ecosystems of actors in Europe today. This project will address the core challenges of making decentralized data and information understandable and usable for humans as well as machines. The project will leverage open standards for semantic data interoperability in establishing a shared vocabulary (ontology network) for data documentation, as well as a decentralized digital platform that enables collaboration in a secure and privacy-preserving manner.

The project addresses a number of open research problems, including the development of ontologies that need to model a wide range of different materials and products, not only providing vertical interoperability but also horizontal interoperability, for cross-industry value networks. As well as transdisciplinary research on methods to find, analyse and assess new circular value chain configurations opened up by considering resource, information, value and energy flows as an integral part of the same complex system. Three industry use cases, from radically different industry domains, act as drivers for the research and development activities, as well as test beds and demonstrators for the cross-industry applicability of the results. The developed solutions will allow for automation of planning, management, and execution of circular value networks, at a European scale, and beyond. The project thereby supports acceleration of the digital and green transitions, automating the discovery and formation of new collaborations in the circular economy.

Project start date and duration

1st of June 2022, 36 months

Project consortium

No	Partner	Abbreviation	Country
1	Linköping University	LiU	Sweden
2	Interuniversitair Micro-Electronica Centrum	IMEC	Belgium
3	Concular Ug Haftungsbeschrankt	CON	Germany
4	+Impakt Luxembourg Sarl	POS	Luxembourg
5	Circularise Bv	CIRC	The Netherlands
6	Universitaet Hamburg	UHAM	Germany
7	Circular.Fashion Ug (Haftungsbeschrankt)	FAS	Germany
8	Lindner Group Kg	LIN	Germany
9	Ragn-Sells Recycling Ab	RS	Sweden
10	Texon Italia Srl	TEXON	Italy
11	Rare Earths Industry Association	REIA	Belgium

























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List of abbreviations

CA Consortium Agreement

CE Circular Economy

CEN European Committee for Standardization

CKIC Climate KIC

DCAT Data Catalog VocabularyDMP Data Management Plan

EA Ethical Advisor

EC European Commission

EEAB External Expert Advisory Board

EIT European Institute of Innovation and Technology **FAIR** Findability, Accessibility, Interoperability, and Reuse

GA Grant AgreementHE Horizon EuropeIP Intellectual Property

ISO International Organization for Standardization

KIC Knowledge and Innovation Community

MFM Multi-flow Metabolism

OA Open Access

ODP Ontology Design Pattern
OWL Web Ontology Language
PC Project Coordinator

PCDS Product Circularity Data Sheet

PM Project ManagerPO Project Officer

RDF Resource Description Framework RIA Research and Innovation Action

RML RDF Mapping Language

SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise

URI Uniform Resource IdentifierW3C World Wide Web Consortium

WP Work Package



1. Summary

The Onto-DESIDE project is a Research and Innovation Action (RIA) under the Horizon Europe programme, Cluster 4 Digital, Industry and Space, from the European Health and Digital Executive Agency. The main goal of the project is to develop a technology for allowing secure decentralized data sharing about materials and products at a global scale by developing a shared vocabulary, an open circularity platform and methods to analyse and assess new circular value chain configurations validated by 3 industrial use cases. The project is divided into eight work packages:

- WP1: Project coordination
- WP2: Requirements, integration and standardisation
- WP3: Ontology modelling
- WP4: Ontology-based data sharing platform
- WP5: Multi flow circular value network design & development method
- WP6: Industry use cases
- WP7: Communication, dissemination, training and exploitation
- WP8: Ethics requirements

Exploitation of project results and data management are integral part of the European research and innovation funding and are an obligation for every beneficiary in projects funded by Horizon Europe (Article 16 of the Grant Agreement). Exploitation is different from dissemination as exploitation focuses solely on utilisation of the project results and continuing development while dissemination is more about publication and exposing the project results to various stakeholders and public. As data is actually a value produced in the project, data management will outline what and how data is collected, stored and shared. As such a plan for these activities is necessary to produce and maintain in the project. Therefore, an exploitation plan together with data management plan is one of the key outputs of the WP7 in addition to the focus on dissemination and training.

WP7, Communication, dissemination, training and exploitation, is led by LiU with the aims to (i) establish communication channels and increase the awareness of the project, (ii) disseminate the project in various events, congresses, conferences, workshops, seminars etc., (iii) publish the project outcomes in high impact conferences and journals, (iv) **define and update the data management plan**, (v) design, create and deliver an online training package as a set of Onto-DESIDE e-learning modules and (vi) **define and update the exploitation plan including IP and innovation**. WP7 consists of four tasks related to communication (Task 7.1), dissemination (Task 7.2), training (Task 7.3) and exploitation (Task 7.4). The exploitation task is led by RS while data management activities are led by LiU.

The purpose of this updated D7.5, Exploitation and Data Management Plan - v.2, plan is to update the initial exploitation plan as well as the data managements plan as outlined in D7.4 that was submitted at the end of November 2022 and to add, if needed, additional activities that were not planned at the 1st stage. The plan will be also updated in third and final version of the deliverable in at M36, where the focus will be mostly on reporting the results of activities carried out, and steps taken for ensuring suitable exploitation.



Key points of the initial exploitation plan included a workshop for outlining further activities, concrete lists of stakeholders to interact with, and further discussing the exploitation opportunities listed in D7.4. Additionally, we identified both academic and commercial exploitation venues for several of the planned results, such as the ontologies and open-source code of the platform, as well as standardisation opportunities. The latter is also further explored in a specific task of WP2, dealing with standardisation of the project results.

Key points of the initial data management plan are the decision to use the Data Catalogue Vocabulary (DCAT) for documentation of project data, as well as a template table (based on the DCAT attributes) to document datasets in our reports, such as this data management plan (DMP). In addition, the FAIR principles are discussed in relation to our data, and we have concretely listed and described 12 project datasets (one added since D7.4), including everything from meeting minutes with action points, to contact lists, research data, and ontologies and source code. The details of each dataset, to the extent known so far is in Appendix B.



2. Introduction

This deliverable covers M18 updates for both exploitation and data management activities, but the main content remains the same from v1 of the plan (D7.4).

2.1 Exploitation

This document provides an update for the exploitation plan, which has been reviewed at M18. The plan meets the goals set up in D7.4 when the first version of this deliverable was written and submitted. However, this document includes the following changes and additions:

- Update of the partner specific target groups.
- Update of the partner specific exploitation strategy.
- Update of the partner specific exploitation measures.
- Update of the standardisation activities from WP2.
- Achieved exploitation results.

During the project we have so far identified three key exploitable results, and in this report we further discuss the types of actors and exploitation avenues envisioned for these.

2.2. Data management

This document also provides an updated data management plan for the data generated and collected in the project. It takes into account the DMP template provided by the European Commission, which can be found on the EC website¹ and on the project file server.

The data management plan includes information on how research data will be handled during and after the end of the project, what data will be collected, processed and/or generated, which methodology and standards will be used, whether data will be made open access and how data will be curated and preserved during and also after the end of the project. The plan will continue to be updated over the course of the project, and further detailed in the final version of this deliverable at M36. The main target at this stage is on data that will be collected and managed before M36, while the final version will report on the actual data and management beyond the project.

3. Exploitation plan update

The following sections present a review and update, made until M18, of the target groups, strategies and measures for the exploitation for the project overall and for each partner involved.

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¹ https://ec.europa.eu/info/funding-tenders/opportunities/docs/2021-2027/horizon/guidance/programmeguide horizon en.pdf



3.1 Target groups

General

Actors who are considered as target groups for all partners involved in the project are the same as in D7.4, i.e. stakeholders within the research community, industry and civil society, and standardisation bodies.

Partner specific

RS and POS have specified target groups for their exploitation in addition to those already mentioned. These are described in D7.4.

3.2 Strategy

General

In general, the project exploitation strategy has been to exploit and make use of the Open Circularity Platform and ontology-based data documentation methods as outlined in D7.4. In addition, the partners will work to establish an independent entity that will maintain and develop the ontologies and the open platform after the project, which is still work in progress.

Partner specific

The individual exploitation strategies defined by the partners are same as presented in D7.4.

3.3 Measures

General

On a general project level, all partners agree on a set of exploitation measures as outlined in D7.4. First measure is related to active dialogues with the standardisation bodies and is described in a separate section (3.4) below. The 2nd and 3rd measures are also covered under a separate section (3.5) further down.

Partner specific

Some partners have individually described their measures that are presented in D7.4.

3.4 Update of the standardisation activities

Onto-DESIDE partners, mainly RS and POS, has participated in activities and meetings with the following standardisation committees:

- 1. Participation in the SIS/TK 616 Circular Economy committee at the national level, Swedish Institute of Standards, SIS/TK 616.
- 2. Participation in the ISO/TC 323 Circular economy committee at the international level, International Organization for Standardization, ISO/TC 323.



3. Participation in the CEN/TC 473 - Circular Economy committee at European level, the European Committee for Standardization, CEN/TC 473.

For more details on standardisation we refer to D2.7.

3.5 Achieved exploitation results

The main exploitable results in Onto-DESIDE until M18 are the following:

- LiU: Circular Economy Ontology Network (CEON D3.3)
- IMEC: Open Circularity Platform (D4.4)
- UHAM: Updated version of the Multi-flow Metabolism and Activity Cycles method (to be described in D5.2)
- Data sets (D6.4 and upcoming versions)

The Circular Economy Ontology Network (CEON) is a shared vocabulary for representing information about circular value networks, strategies, and resources in the form of a network of ontology modules developed by LiU. By providing a shared vocabulary, CEON enables a multitude of stakeholders, in any industry sector, to share and consume data that enables new circular economy solutions. The network is shared openly via https://w3id.org/CEON/ and is available as open source (https://github.com/LiUSemWeb/CEON). The main avenues of exploitation foreseen for CEON is a) as a means for circular economy value chain actors to annotate and share their data and thus enable new collaborations, b) for software providers in the circular economy area to align their APIs and protocols to a shared vocabulary, so as to increase interoperability and decrease lock-in effects, and c) for standardization bodies and authorities as a starting point for new standards, or an alignment point of existing standards and reporting formats. Onto-DESIDE has participated in the Horizon Results Platform for the first time by adding CEON as a key exploitable result (KER) to the platform, Figure 1 and 2. A KER is a main and prioritised result with a high exploitation potential. The platform is used as an advertising place for exploitation purposes.



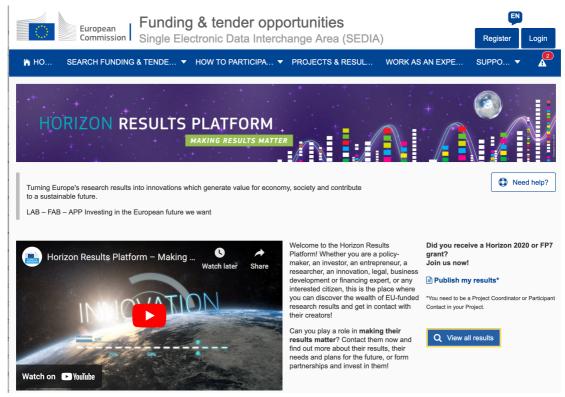


Figure 1: Horizon Results Platform

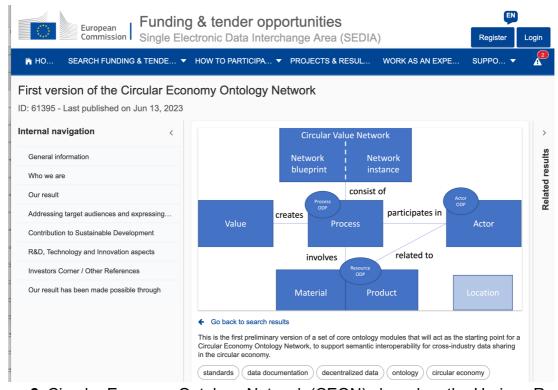


Figure 2: Circular Economy Ontology Network (CEON) shared on the Horizon Results Platform.



The main output of WP4 is an open framework for secure and confidentiality-preserving digital and automated data sharing, which enables verifiable, traceable, and decentralised sharing of data expressed and documented using the ontologies from WP3 within, and across, industry domains. The first version of the Open Circularity Platform has been described in D4.4 and is shared as open source² by IMEC. At present, the repository contains an implementation of the platform and a demonstration based on one use case from the construction domain. The Open Circularity Platform will provide businesses and individuals with a secure platform to make their data available over the internet, while preserving confidentiality (and if relevant, privacy) and allow all value chain actors to maintain control of their data. The main avenues of exploitation foreseen for the Open Circularity Platform is a) as a means for circular economy value chain actors to share their data using a shared ontology and standard web protocols, and thus enable new collaborations and increased automation and scalability of the circular economy, and b) for circular economy software providers in the circular economy area to align their APIs and protocols to use the platform as an interchange medium, so as to increase interoperability and decrease lock-in effects, c) for infrastructure software providers to develop new services, e.g. hosting Solid pods specifically for circular economy actors.

The extended version of the Multi-Flow Metabolism (MFM) is an improved version of an earlier model that shows the various flows involved in the circular economy, i.e. materials, energy and value. Whereas in the earlier version information was seen as a separate flow, the model is now updated so that both information and infrastructure are two supporting flows that are needed for all three main flows. This shows how the rest of the results of Onto-DESIDE fit into the bigger picture of the circular economy, and allows actors to better analyse current and intended situation, and the needs involved. In addition, the Activity Cycles Diagram is a Circularity Compass extension enabling stakeholders to assess and model the activities related to the different phases of the circularity compass at a more granular level, including actors and their information needs. This directly maps to needs and requirements of the ontology network and the platform described above. As such, these two results are an essential complement to the technical solutions, in order to be able to analyse, design, and set up sustainable circular economy value networks. The result owner is UHAM and the methods will be shared as open access. The main avenues of exploitation foreseen for the MFM and Activity Cycles diagram are as a means for circular economy value chain actors to a) analyse the state-of-play as well as to identify opportunities and design future plans for increasingly circular flows, in turn rendering a more sustainable and resilient European circular Economy, and b), analyse the data needs and data sharing opportunities to be further covered by CEON or extensions thereof, and c) for circular economy software and service providers to use with their customers in order to analyse needs and wants, as well as identify how their software or the platform developed by the project can be used.

² https://github.com/KNowledgeOnWebScale/open-circularity-platform



One **data sets** has been openly shared from a published paper as follows:

1. A Survey of General Ontologies for the Cross-Industry Domain of Circular Economy at https://dl.acm.org/doi/pdf/10.1145/3543873.3587613.

The dataset consists of the result of a structured review of ontologies and standards related to the Onto-DESIDE ontologies, use in the process of ontology development in WP3. It has been published on GitHub (https://github.com/LiUSemWeb/Circular-Economy-Ontology-Catalogue) in order to make it openly available and also maintain it throughout the project with updates on emerging ontologies.

All the above results will also be used in future research projects, i.e. exploited by the academic partners of the project. Onto-DESIDE has already applied to add a partner from a Widening country through the Hop On facility call at the end of September 2023. However, in addition to this, the CEON is already exploited in further research on the relation between circular economy data and Digital Product Passports, conducted by LiU in collaboration with partners from the CIRPASS project. Further, IMEC will exploit the Open Circularity Platform and its related novel techniques in new research projects where decentralized data sharing is a core requirement. Similarly, the MFM will be exploited by UHAM, as a basis for further research on circular economy analysis and implementation.

4. Data management plan

The Horizon Europe Grant Agreement requires a data management plan at the start of the project. A template provided by the European Commission forms the basis for the Onto-DESIDE data management plan (DMP) initially described in D7.4. The DMP includes information on how research data will be handled during and after the end of the project, what data will be collected, processed and/or generated, which methodology and standards will be used, whether data will be made open access and how data will be curated and preserved, also after the end of the project. This plan is updated during the project, and this report contains the second version. A Third version will be delivered at the end of the project, which will mainly focus on the full set of data produced by the project and its management beyond the project scope.

4.1 Data summary

The Horizon Europe Work Programme emphasises the importance of the DMP, which explains management and handling of research data. It also specifies whether research data will be made open access and how it will be handled during the project.

The DMP includes information on how research data will be handled during and after the end of the project, what data will be collected, processed and/or generated, which methodology and standards will be used, whether data will be made open access and how data will be curated and preserved, and also after the end of the project.

This DMP is updated over the course of the project and covers up to date reflections within the consortium about the data that has been produced and will be produced in the future.

The Onto-DESIDE project has generated/collected the following types and formats of data up to M18:



- Reports
- Publications
- Websites
- Research data files
- Ontology files
- Source code files
- Mapping files
- Demonstrators (object code)
- Experimental data/study results, including survey results, interview transcripts, recordings etc.

Additional data types that will potentially be generated/collected include patents and additional data of the types listed above.

The beneficiaries of the Onto-DESIDE project will deposit the research data, which is not IP protected and/or approved to be open access by the industrial partners, in separate open repositories, e.g. on GitHub, and take measures to make it possible for third parties to access, mine, exploit, reproduce and disseminate the following:

- a) The data, including associated metadata, needed to validate the results presented in scientific publications as soon as possible, and
- b) Other data, including associated metadata, as specified and within the deadlines laid down in the DMP.

The access to the metadata and data will be useful to the consortium, other researchers and the end users such as organisations that will reuse the platform and ontologies, e.g. for verifying the project results, extending them etc. At the start of the project, it was agreed to deposit all the data initially on a NextCloud server provided by LiU. The server is password protected and not open to any users outside the consortium. Open-access data is shared through a) the project website (https://ontodeside.eu/), b) public GitHub projects managed by each partner providing data, and c) research data repositories of each university partner.

A specification of the data expected to be generated until M36 is listed in Appendix B, consisting of 12 datasets/data categories (1 added since D7.4). The template used for describing data in the project is provided in Appendix A.

4.2 FAIR Data

Publishing FAIR data means to follow a set of guidelines and principles to make data findable, accessible, interoperable and re-usable.

4.2.1 Making data findable, including provisions for metadata

The DMP identifies the items that are relevant to the correct identification and management of the data collected and produced. The data identification must consist of a *Data set reference* and a *Data set name*. The dataset reference (identifier) should primarily be a persistent URI, e.g. by using services for persistent URIs such as the W3ID service (https://w3id.org/) or similar, but may if needed be in another form. Whenever possible, the data set description should be expressed using standard metadata, such as DCAT



descriptions in RDF, and must include the following:

- Data description
- Type (collected/processed/generated)
- Origin (collected/processed)
- Format
- Nature
- Scale
- Useful to whom
- Does it underpin a scientific publication?
- Information on existing similar data
- Possibility for integration and reuse
- Storage and backup
- Persistent URI or other way to access the data set

Keywords will be generated and provided as the project progresses to optimise for findability and possibilities for re-use. For more details on the template for data description, see Appendix A.

A naming convention document will be developed and identify the version numbers, standards used or, if these do not exist, an outline on how and what metadata will be created. This is to be developed as an internal project document, as part of the WP2 project methodology task, and semantic versioning is adopted for GitHub repositories (as described in D2.4).

4.2.2 Making data openly accessible

Before making data openly accessible, steps to protect privacy, security, confidentiality, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) and embargo periods are taken. However, the goal of the Onto-DESIDE project is to make data open by default. Hence, if no pressing need to protect privacy, security, confidentiality, IPR etc. of the data is identified, data will be published with an open license by default.

Prior to potential open publishing the NextCloud server, provided by LiU, is the main platform used internally by the consortium for sharing and storing the project results. This includes datasets, project deliverables, and other reports and results created during the project duration. This server provides file hosting services to store and share all data between the project partners, but not outside the consortium. The platform is secure and access is granted on an individual basis for the participants of each partner, who then need a user name and a password to access the data. The server employs several security measures, such as two-factor authentication. LiU (the project coordinator) gives access to the server on a per-case basis, and limits access to researchers only involved in the project.

When the data is stored on NextCloud, the data is not public, i.e., not Open Access (OA). However, the public deliverables are also made OA on the project website and by the EC, and everything that we publish (e.g., scientific papers) will be either Green or Gold OA. In case of the Green OA, pre-prints will be published on the project website and available



internally at the project server. When there are restrictions on use, access will be provided by LiU.

The other main platforms are thereby the project website, which will be kept online for a minimum of 5 years after the end of the project, as well as GitHub repositories for code and other technical source material. So far, the website includes public deliverables, reports and scientific publications. In addition, open datasets, ontologies, source and object code, are made available through GitHub repositories maintained by the respective partners.

The project website may also be used to give OA to other data than reports, e.g. datasets, which will be published together with machine-readable metadata records (according to DCAT) and license statements. Some research datasets, e.g deliverables from WP6, will not be OA, and may therefore only be shared internally through NextCloud and with the EC directly in the continuous reporting portal.

The consortium will additionally identify other platforms that can ensure the access to the project results and data for a longer periods of time, i.e., after the duration of the project, which will be reported in detail in the next version of this deliverable. One such platform is the Swedish National Data Service (https://snd.gu.se/en), which aims to support the accessibility, preservation, and reuse of research data and related materials, and forms a national infrastructure for research data in a network of around 40 universities and public research institutes.

4.2.3 Making data interoperable

By default, open standards will be used for representing data, such as the W3C standards RDF, for data files, and URIs for identifiers. The project partners will in addition use standard vocabularies as much as possible for all data types present in the data set, and metadata, to allow inter-disciplinary interoperability. If uncommon or generated project-specific ontologies or vocabularies are used, mappings to more commonly used ontologies will be provided. For sharing metadata about the project data, the W3C standard DCAT will be used, as described in Appendix A.

4.2.4 Increase data re-use

As stated in the various agreements we have agreed to a non-disclosure of information for maximum up to 5 years for the data to be made open. However, the ambition of the project is to make as much as possible available for reuse as soon as possible, by publishing OA and by using open licenses. The research publications will be shared as soon as possible, published in well-known journals and conferences, to increase the awareness and indexing of the results. Much of the research data, such as program source code, ontology files, experimental measurements and study results, will be made open, but the project will seek the industrial approval first before publishing the data to ensure that no breach of confidentiality is made. Only the research data originating with our industry partners will not be openly published, since this data may include sensitive information about business relations, product details, etc.



By publishing source code, ontologies etc. on GitHub, this data will also be searchable through Web search engines such as Google, and the use of a service such as GitHub will ensure the long-term preservation of URIs, e.g. used in publications for pointing at data and source code. However, in addition using services for persistent URIs such as the W3ID service (https://w3id.org/) is strongly encouraged.

The project will ensure that the data will remain re-useable 5 years after the project ends. The data will also be stored with an archiving service, such as the Swedish National Data Service, for free and during a non-limited period. The details of this archiving, and exactly what service to use is to be agreed with the project consortium by the next version of this deliverable.

One of the main means for increasing reuse of project results and data is to provide clear licensing information for all outputs. By default, an open license will be used, e.g. Creative Commons or similar. In cases where outputs are shared under a different license this will be clearly stated when the resource is shared.

4.3 Other research outputs

The Onto-DESIDE project will not produce any physical research outputs. All other research outputs will be digital, such as ontologies and software, and have already been covered in the previous sections. Know-how and methods etc. will be described in the deliverable reports and the scientific publications, hence, this is also captured by the previous sections.

4.4 Allocation of resources

Costs associated with open access to research data, can be claimed as eligible costs of any Horizon Europe grant. Costs related to open access to research data in Horizon Europe are eligible for reimbursement during the duration of the project under the conditions defined in the HE Grant Agreement, in particular Article 6 and Article 6.2, but also other articles relevant for the cost category chosen. These costs will be reported as other direct costs during the project periodic reporting.

The long-term preservation, how long should the data be preserved, associated costs and how these are planned to be covered has been, and will be, discussed at project meetings. The use of NextCloud via the project coordinator (LiU) during the project duration is free for the project partners, and the members of the EEAB and the Ethical Advisor.

All the project partners will be responsible for data management in the project. Specific responsibilities for each data source are given in the tables of Appendix B.

4.5 Data security

NextCloud is a secure, password-protected place to store the data, where LiU has got its own servers. The server employs several security measures, such as two-factor authentication. LiU provides access to the server on a per-case basis, and limits access to researchers involved in the project. Data stored through external services, such as GitHub, takes advantage of their security measures. For instance, GitHub also applied 2-factor authentication and SSH access to the repositories, with encryption. For long term



preservations and curation, the project will utilise external services for research data archiving, where the national agencies responsible for these services also care for their security measures.

4.6 Ethics

The ethical aspects of the project are treated separately in WP8 and are assessed and reported in the yearly reports by the project Ethical Advisor.

In D8.1 the following ethical aspects of the project were identified:

Security (computer security, cybersecurity) is needed to protect the users' data from unauthorised access for viewing, misusing, or altering it. This aspect has been discussed above, regarding project-internal data stored in NextCloud. Other data held by each partner falls under the responsibility of each partner and their respective IT security of their organisation.

Privacy of the individuals using systems needs to be secured. Systems used internally by the project are secured and approved by the LIU IT services policies and data protection officer, hence, the privacy of project participants is ensured. However, privacy of research data in the project needs to be ensured when such data is produced in WP6, as well as through user evaluations in other WPs. The main principle is to collect a minimal amount of data about users and study participants, and such data will be securely stored on the internal project server. If needed, a server space with increased security, at LiU called a File Vault, will be requested for the project, which provides certified secure storage even for sensitive personal data. However, at the time of writing we do not foresee the need for such measures.

Confidentiality of data within a system needs to be protected, as at least some data about organisations can fall under trade secrets or be used as strategic advantage for the organisation. Such confidentiality mainly applies to the research data produced by industry partners and used in WP6. By default, such data will be kept by the organisations themselves. However, if sharing is needed, e.g. for the purpose of developing and evaluating project results, the data will be shared only with the organisations involved in the relevant project activity, and security will be ensured in the same manner as explained for privacy above.

Bias which favours certain users or user groups, and disfavours others can occur in any system that is complex enough and handles large amounts of data. With respect to bias in data, each dataset produced by the project will be screened for potential biases, and each project deliverable including data will specifically discuss potential biases in the data.

4.7 Other issues

In addition to what is described here, the university partners have their own internal data management policies and infrastructure. This allows both for using services for storage of sensitive data in a secure manner, as well as for archiving of data beyond the project.



5. Conclusion

This is the second version of the Exploitation and Data Management Plan that was previously published as D7.4 at the start of the project. This document provides an update of the exploitation and data management plans and lists the achieved exploitation and data management activities. The list of datasets will be discussed regularly at the project meetings and wherever needed by adding information to the file on NextCloud, Appendix C.

The main updates related to exploitation, compared with D7.4 is the key exploitable results that have so far been developed, and the discussion on how and by whom they might be exploited that was presented in section 3.5. Related to DMP the main updates are in the details of the repositories used, and in the metadata of the datasets of the project. Additionally one new dataset (D12) has been identified and documented in Appendix B.

In the next phase, the exploitation task will focus on understanding potential for exploitation of additional results from the project, i.e. extending the list of key exploitable results, and detailing the methods for exploitation of these. In addition, project partners will attend further meetings with the standardisation committees, and make updates of the partners' individual exploitation plans. Regarding the DMP the next steps will be to investigate and make decisions on the long-term preservation of data, and maintenance beyond the project.



Appendix A

The template for data descriptions that will be used in the project is shown below. The template entries, with a few exceptions, correspond to the DCAT standard entries for dcat:Resource and the more specific dcat:Dataset. When data is published online, an actual DCAT description file, expressed in RDF, will also be published alongside the resource.

Data identification	
Title	A name given to the item
	A unique identifier of the item.
Identifier (URI)	A unique identifier of the item, preferably a URI.
Landing page/website	A Web page that can be navigated to in a Web browser to gain access to the data and/or additional information.
Data Description	
Type of data	The kind of data, e.g. its form, such as data tables, source code, ontology files etc.
Theme/category	A main category of the resource.
Keywords	Keywords describing the resource.
Description	A free-text account of the item.
Language	A language of the textual content in the item.
Size/scale of the data	
Relation to other data	Specifying the relation to other data, e.g. other versions,
(including referenced	or related/similar datasets, documents etc., as well as
by/references)	any documents referencing it, such as scientific publications.
Useful to whom	A description of who the data is intended for, and who might reuse it in the future
Data Provenance	V
Origin	The source of this data.
Creator	The entity responsible for producing the resource.
Publisher	The entity responsible for making the item available.
Release date	Date of formal issuance (e.g., publication) of the item.
Version number	A version number, if applicable.
Update/modification date	Most recent date on which the item was changed, updated or modified.
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Relevant contact information for the cataloged resource.
Responsible partner(s)	Partner in the project responsible for releasing, updating, maintaining, and/or archiving the resource.
Data Access and Sharing	<u> </u>
Access rights	Information about who can access the resource or an indication of its security status.
License	A legal document under which the resource is made available.
Rights	A statement that concerns all rights not addressed with the license or access rights, such as copyright statements.
Distribution	The forms in which this data is made available, e.g. file formats.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	An established standard to which the described resource conforms.
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Where and how the data will be archived at the end of the project



Appendix B

This appendix consists of an initial set of published and foreseen data that has or will be developed, treated, maintained and/or delivered by the project. The list contains mainly data that has produced or managed before M18. The appendix will be updated continuously, and a new version will be included in the following update of the deliverable.

The list focuses on results and data other than reports and research publications, since these are (a) rather self-contained in terms of metadata, e.g. by design contains information about authors, content, topics etc, and (b) already have well-defined processes for publication and sharing. Hence, this appendix focuses on other kinds of results, and in particular datasets.



B1 - Onto-DESIDE Contact Li	at .
Data identification	St.
Title	ONTO_DESIDE contact list table Sept 2023
Identifier (URI)	https://nextcloud.liu.se/f/43377
Landing page/website	N/A
Data Description	N/A
Type of data	Contact information to researchers and administrators
Type of data	involved in the project.
Theme/category	Project administration
Keywords	Contact list
Description	A document listing the main contacts of each partner, with
Description	e-mail and phone numbers, as well as additional
	information on e-mail lists and administrative staff
	contacts.
Language	00.110.010.
Size/scale of the data	3 pages
Relation to other data	Some contact information was also included in D1.1, and
(including referenced	the e-mail lists are administered in a mailman system
by/references)	hosted at LIU.
Useful to whom	Intended for internal project use only.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Collected from each partner.
Creator	Svjetlana Stekovic (LiU).
Publisher	LiU
Release date	September 2022
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	October 23 2023
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Svjetlana Stekovic <svjetlana.stekovic@liu.se></svjetlana.stekovic@liu.se>
Responsible partner(s)	LiU
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Confirmed project participants, and EEAB and EA, with
	access to the NextCloud instance.
License	N/A
Rights	Confidential, not to be shared outside the consortium,
	including EEAB and EA.
Distribution	Word document (.docx)
Data Interoperability	AL/A
Conforms to standard	N/A
Archiving and Preservation	Note that the second se
Preservation	Not to be archived, maintained as long as the NextCloud
	instance is online.



B2 – Ontology modules	
Data identification	
Title	Onto-DESIDE ontologies
Identifier (URI)	Each ontology module has its own URI:
identifier (OKI)	https://w3id.org/CEON/ontology/
Landing page/website	Each ontology module has its own page with automatically
Landing page/website	generated documentation
Data Description	generated documentation
	OWL models
Type of data	
Theme/category	Each ontology module relates to a specific modeling challenge or domain.
Keywords	Specific to each module.
Description	Ontologies modules developed based on the use case
	descriptions and the user stories in D2.1. Including
	general ODPs, domain ontologies, as well as use case
	specific modules for evaluation in the project.
Language	Labels and identifiers are in English, additional labels
	may be provided in other languages.
Size/scale of the data	16 modules
Relation to other data	Based on D2.1 user stories, and to be described and
(including referenced	reported in WP3 deliverables. Referred to in publications:
by/references)	https://dl.acm.org/doi/pdf/10.1145/3543873.3587613
,	https://www.ida.liu.se/~huali50/papers/postprint/WOP2023
	-CE.pdf
Useful to whom	Internally for the integration task of WP2, and evaluation
	in WP6. Externally for reusing the project platform and
	results for exploitation and extension in further research.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Built by developers in WP3.
Creator	Partners involved in WP3.
Publisher	LiU
Release date	Each ontology module released separately
Version number	Each ontology module versioned separately
Update/modification date	N/A
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Eva Blomqvist <eva.blomqvist@liu.se></eva.blomqvist@liu.se>
Responsible partner(s)	LiU
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Open Access resource.
License	CC-BY-4.0 (ontology modules), MIT License (source
	code)
Rights	No additional restrictions
Distribution	Turtle, OWL, and JSON-LD files (ontology modules)
Data Interoperability	Tanat, and to the Lambo (antology modulo)
Conforms to standard	Each ontology module has its own persistent URI.
Archiving and Preservation	the case in a second percent of the
Preservation	Each ontology module has its own GitHub page with
1 10301 vation	automatically generated documentation.
	automatically generated accumentation.



B3 – Platform source code	
Data identification	
Title	Onto-DESIDE platform
Identifier (URI)	https://github.com/KNowledgeOnWebScale/open-
14011111101 (0111)	circularity-platform
Landing page/website	Same as above (each source code repository will have a
3 1 3 1 1 1	landing page with some overview of the code available
	there, in this case it is the readme of the repository).
Data Description	
Type of data	Software source code.
Theme/category	Source code of the platform.
Keywords	Solid platform, digital twin, source code.
Description	The source code, including configuration files and
·	extensions to existing open-source code, representing the
	platform developed as well as related protocols etc.
Language	Comments and documentation in English.
Size/scale of the data	7.2 MB of source code & documentation when zipped
Relation to other data	Based on D2.1 user stories, and described in WP4
(including referenced	deliverable documents, and publications.
by/references)	
Useful to whom	Internally for the WP2 integration, and WP6 evaluation
	tasks. Externally for exploitation and usage, extension,
	and further research by other researchers.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Research and development in WP4.
Creator	IMEC (see contributors in the GitHub repository)
Publisher	IMEC and LiU
Release date	
Version number	0.2
Update/modification date	Continuously updated in the dev branch. Latest release,
	see above.
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Ben de Meester (ben.demeester@ugent.be)
Responsible partner(s)	IMEC and LiU
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Open access resources.
License	Open source license (TBD).
Rights	No additional restrictions
Distribution	TBD
Data Interoperability	OULT DDE DM
Conforms to standard	Solid, RDF, RML
Archiving and Preservation	0.001
Preservation	GitHub repositories will be available also after the project ends. Additional archiving will be identified during the development.
·	·



B4 - Research data - Textile	
Data identification	
Title	Textile domain research data
Identifier (URI)	https://nextcloud.liu.se/f/47910 (project internal)
Landing page/website	Replaced by an internal document in NextCloud since
g page/mexeme	data is not public.
Data Description	
Type of data	Data about materials, processes and resources in the
	circular value network mapped in D6.1.
Theme/category	Textile fibre and material recycling.
Keywords	Textile, fibre, recycling, footwear.
Description	The dataset will contain the data that allows to evaluate and "execute" the textile use case value network, i.e. the information flows, needed to evaluate the ontologies and the platform in the first project iteration. Current version focuses on the data template, i.e. categories and datatypes with some example data entries.
Language	English
Size/scale of the data	Data template is an Excel sheet with 159 rows and 6 columns.
Relation to other data	Used as the basis for the use case specific ontologies in
(including referenced	WP3.
by/references)	
Useful to whom	Researchers in the project for technical research and development, as well as evaluation activities in WP6.
Data Provenance	
Origin	PCDS and Circularity.ID data structures and entries, as well as TEXON internal data and data from partners, as well as synthetic data examples.
Creator	TEXON, POS, FAS.
Publisher	TEXON, POS, FAS.
Release date	
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	N/A
Responsibilities	
Contact point	TBC
Responsible partner(s)	TEXON, POS, FAS.
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal to the project consortium.
License	N/A
Rights	Usage rights will be determined and described by the publishing organisations.
Distribution	Excel sheet.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	PCDS and Circularity.ID (https://github.com/circularfashion/cf-circularity-id-standard)
Archiving and Preservation	•
Preservation	Data will reside within the organisations producing the data.



B5 - Research data - Constru	uction
Data identification	
Title	Construction domain research data
Identifier (URI)	https://nextcloud.liu.se/f/47728 (project internal)
Landing page/website	Replaced by an internal document in NextCloud since
	data is not public.
Data Description	
Type of data	Data about materials, processes and resources in the
The man / acts are my	circular value network mapped in D6.1.
Theme/category	Recycling of floor material.
Keywords	Construction, buildings, recycling, floors.
Description	The dataset will contain the data that allows to evaluate
	and "execute" the construction use case value network,
	i.e. the information flows, needed to evaluate the ontologies and the platform. In the first iteration mainly a
	data template with the datatypes and categories.
Language	English and German
Size/scale of the data	Excel sheet with 53 rows and 15 columns.
Relation to other data	Used as the basis for the use case specific ontologies in
(including referenced	WP3.
by/references)	W1 0.
Useful to whom	Researchers in the project for technical research and
	development, as well as evaluation activities in WP6.
Data Provenance	de l'oropinioni, de mon de evaluation deminioni in in el
Origin	CON, RS and LIN internal data and data from partners, as
	well as synthetic data examples.
Creator	CON, RS, LIN.
Publisher	
Release date	
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	N/A
Responsibilities	
Contact point	TBC
Responsible partner(s)	CON, RS, LIN.
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal to the project consortium.
License	N/A
Rights	Usage rights will be determined and described by the
Distribution	publishing organisations. Excel sheet.
Data Interoperability	LAGGI SIIGGI.
Conforms to standard	TBD
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Data will reside with the organisations producing the data.
Fieservation	Data will leside with the organisations producing the data.



B6 – Research data - Electro	nics
Data identification	
Title	Electronics (magnets) domain research data
Identifier (URI)	https://nextcloud.liu.se/f/47908 (project internal)
Landing page/website	Replaced by an internal document in NextCloud, since
g page, neverte	data is not public.
Data Description	
Type of data	Data about materials, processes and resources in the circular value network mapped in D6.1.
Theme/category	Magnet recycling in the electronics industry.
Keywords	Electronics, rare earths, recycling, magnets.
Description	The dataset will contain the data that allows to evaluate and "execute" the textile use case value network, i.e. the information flows, needed to evaluate the ontologies and the platform. In the first iteration mainly a data template.
Language	English and potentially other European languages.
Size/scale of the data	Excel sheet with 126 rows and 10 columns.
Relation to other data	Used as the basis for the use case specific ontologies in
(including referenced	WP3.
by/references)	
Useful to whom	Researchers in the project for technical research and development, as well as evaluation activities in WP6.
Data Provenance	
Origin	CIRC and REIA internal data and data from partners, as well as synthetic data examples.
Creator	CIRC, REIA.
Publisher	CIRC, REIA.
Release date	2023-05-30
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	N/A
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Teresa Oberhauser (teresa@circularise.com)
Responsible partner(s)	CIRC, REIA.
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal to the project consortium.
License	N/A
Rights	Usage rights will be determined and described by the publishing organisations.
Distribution	Excel sheet.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	TBD
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Data will reside with the organisations producing the data.
	= === production of the data.



D7 Manning files	
B7 – Mapping files Data identification	
Title	Manning files
	Mapping files
Identifier (URI)	URIs TBD for each mapping file. Described internally in NextCloud.
Landing page/website	Described internany in NextCloud.
Data Description	Manning files described in DML or related angelfications
Type of data	Mapping files described in RML or related specifications (e.g., YARRRML).
Theme/category	Mappings for all use case domains.
Keywords	Mapping, data transformation, RML.
Description	A set of files describing mappings from the three research datasets (B4-6 above) of the use cases into the ontologies (B2) and RDF.
Language	Comments and documentation in English.
Size/scale of the data	TBD
Relation to other data	Describes mappings from the three research datasets
(including referenced by/references)	(B4-6 above) into the ontologies (B2).
Useful to whom	Internal usage for technical development and evaluation in the use cases in WP6.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Developed in WP4 based on ontologies of WP3 and research datasets of WP6.
Creator	IMEC
Publisher	IMEC
Release date	TBD
Version number	TBD
Update/modification date	TBD
Responsibilities	
Contact point	TBD
Responsible partner(s)	IMEC
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal access within the project. Sample mapping files (without links to companies' internal data structures) will be publicly available for demonstration purposes as Open Access Resources
License	Sample mappings under open-source licenses (TBD), others N/A
Rights	Sample mappings without restrictions, others usage rights within the project.
Distribution	RML files.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	W3C standard RML and RDF.
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Project internal data that will be kept in NextCloud as long as the server is maintained. Sample mapping files will be published in GitHub repositories, available also after the project ends. Additional archiving will be identified during the development



B8 – Project management file	es
Data identification	
Title	Risk, dissemination and communication tables
Identifier (URI)	Internal in NextCloud.
Landing page/website	Described internally in NextCloud.
Data Description	·
Type of data	Tables for collecting and following up activities and risks in the project.
Theme/category	Project management.
Keywords	Risks, communication, dissemination.
Description	A set of files collecting updates from the project partners regarding risk monitoring and management, as well as communication and dissemination activities.
Language	English
Size/scale of the data	One Excel sheet per category (risks, communication, dissemination).
Relation to other data	Content is also reflected in EC continuous reporting
(including referenced	portal, and described in deliverables (e.g. D1.1 and
by/references)	D7.1).
Useful to whom	All project partners.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Project management and all partners.
Creator	LiU
Publisher	-
Release date	September 2022.
Version number	N/A (continuous updates).
Update/modification date	November 2023.
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Svjetlana Stekovic <svjetlana.stekovic@liu.se>.</svjetlana.stekovic@liu.se>
Responsible partner(s)	LIU
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal access within the project.
License	N/A
Rights	Content will be published when transferred to the EC reporting portal.
Distribution	Excel files.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	N/A
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Content is preserved when reported to the EC continuous reporting portal.



B9 - Meeting minutes	
Data identification	
Title	Meeting minutes
Identifier (URI)	Internal in NextCloud.
Landing page/website	Described internally in NextCloud.
Data Description	
Type of data	Word documents for collecting minutes and following up actions and decisions from project-internal meetings.
Theme/category	Project management.
Keywords	Meeting minutes, decisions, actions.
Description	A set of documents containing meeting minutes, participant lists, and lists of decisions and actions, with deadlines for the project partners.
Language	English
Size/scale of the data	One document per meeting is organised in a single document by type of meeting.
Relation to other data	Template provided in D1.1. Some content will also be
(including referenced	reflected in reporting and deliverables.
by/references)	
Useful to whom	All project partners.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Project management and all partners.
Creator	
Publisher	
	After each meeting.
Version number	N/A (continuous updates).
Update/modification date	After each meeting.
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Svjetlana Stekovic <svjetlana.stekovic@liu.se>.</svjetlana.stekovic@liu.se>
Responsible partner(s)	LiU/chair of each meeting.
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal access within the project.
License	N/A
Rights	Some content will be public when transferred to deliverables or the EC reporting portal.
Distribution	Word files.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	N/A
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Content is preserved when reported to the EC continuous reporting portal and will be stored a minimum of 5 years after the project at LiU servers.



B10 – Experimental results	
Data identification	
Title	Experimental and study results
Identifier (URI)	Partly internal in NextCloud, once related to research
,	publication will receive a URI in the respective GitHub
	repository.
Landing page/website	GitHub page for each dataset.
Data Description	
Type of data	Results of technical evaluations, as well as use case
	evaluations in WP6. May include statistics tables, survey
Themselections	responses and observation notes, for instance.
Theme/category	Evaluation results.
Keywords Description	Evaluation, statistics, survey.
Description	In WPs 3, 4 and 2 technical evaluations will be performed to assess the effectiveness and efficiency, and other quality criteria, of the produced solutions (e.g. algorithms,
	software, ontologies, methodologies etc). Such evaluations result in data, such as measurement data, statistics, and survey responses. In addition, the overall integrated prototype will be evaluated in the three use
	cases in WP6, where additional data will be collected.
Language	English
Size/scale of the data	TBD
Relation to other data	Produced when using technical solutions (source code,
(including referenced	ontologies, mapping files etc) together with research
by/references)	datasets. Will be described and partially published in both deliverables and research publications.
Useful to whom	All project partners when assessing the success of the
	solutions, and by other researchers and practitioners when assessing the published project results.
Data Provenance	<u> </u>
Origin	All partners involved in technical or use case evaluations.
Creator	All partners.
Publisher	All partners.
Release date	After each evaluation effort.
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	TBD
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Each partner.
Responsible partner(s)	All partners.
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal access within the project to sensitive data, such as personal data from user studies, and data connected to the use case's research data. Non-sensitive data, related
	to research publications, will be published open access together with the research publication, using permanent URIs (e.g. pointing to GitHub).
License	TBD - primarily open licenses.
Rights	Sensitive (e.g. personal) data cannot be made open, and will only be available within the consortium.
Distribution	RDF if possible, otherwise primarily tables (e.g. CSV and similar formats).
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	Primarily RDF.
Archiving and Preservation	•
Preservation	GitHub repositories will be available also after the project ends. Additional archiving will be identified during the development.



B11 – Interview transcripts	
Data identification	
Title	WP5 interview records and observations
Identifier (URI)	Internal in NextCloud or on secure server at UHAM.
Landing page/website	Internal in NextCloud.
Data Description	
Type of data	Interview transcripts, recordings, codings and analysis data.
Theme/category	Circular value flow analysis and method development.
Keywords	Interviews, observation, circularity thinking, MFM.
Description	In WP5 interviews and observations will be the main method for data collection for the method development activities. Interviews may be recorded, as well as observations, and notes and transcripts may be produced. In addition this data will be further analysed to produce codings, and aggregated data.
Language	English
Size/scale of the data	TBD
Relation to other data (including referenced by/references)	Partially reported in WP5 deliverables and research publications.
Useful to whom	WP5 researchers, and external to the project by researchers building on or verifying project results.
Data Provenance	
Origin	Interviews and observations done by UHAM in WP5.
Creator	UHAM
Publisher	UHAM
Release date	TBD
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	TBD
Responsibilities	
Contact point	Charis Luedtke <charis.luedtke@uni-hamburg.de></charis.luedtke@uni-hamburg.de>
Responsible partner(s)	UHAM
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Internal access among UHAM project researchers to sensitive data, such as personal data from interviews and observations. Non-sensitive data, such as aggregated data, coded data, etc., related to research publications, will if possible be published open access together with the research publication, using permanent URIs.
License	TBD – primarily open licenses.
Rights	Sensitive (e.g. personal) data cannot be made open, and will only be available to UHAM.
Distribution	Video and audio recordings, textual documents, statistics files.
Data Interoperability	
Conforms to standard	TBD
Archiving and Preservation	
Preservation	Archived by UHAM according to internal policies for research data preservation. Additional archiving possibilities will be identified during the project.



B12 - Ontology Survey Catal	oque
Data identification	
Title	Circular-Economy-Ontology-Catalogue
Identifier (URI)	
raditino (diti)	Ontology-Catalogue
Landing page/website	GitHub page for the catalogue at the URI above.
Data Description	Cititud page for the catalogue at the Citi addition
Type of data	Results of the survey on existing CE-related ontologies, with links to each ontology and documentation.
Theme/category	Survey results.
Keywords	Survey, ontology, circular economy.
Description	In WP3 a structured survey was conducted in order to identify related ontologies, to be taken into account when building the Onto-DESIDE ontology network.
Language	English
Size/scale of the data	Currently the catalogue contains 37 ontologies.
Relation to other data	Used as a background for the CEON ontology network.
(including referenced	
by/references)	
Useful to whom	Ontology development work in WP3 (internal use), but additionally to anyone interested in ontologies for CE. Can be used as basis for further research, and to verify results presented in the survey paper.
Data Provenance	results presented in the survey paper.
Origin	Structured survey, reported in paper.
9	LIU
Publisher	
Release date	February 2023
Version number	N/A
Update/modification date	To be continuously updated
Responsibilities	10 00 continuouoty apaatoa
Contact point	Huanyu Li (huanyu.li@liu.se)
Responsible partner(s)	LIU
Data Access and Sharing	
Access rights	Open access.
License	N/A
Rights	Open access, contains links to public ontologies and papers describing them.
Distribution	Can be downloaded as text file.
Data Interoperability	Can be commeded to toke mor
Conforms to standard	N/A (URIs used for identification)
Archiving and Preservation	(2 4004 101 1401111110411011)
Preservation	GitHub repository.
i icoci vation	Cities ispections.

Appendix C - Exploitation files on NextCloud

No	Name	Result Type	Key results (KER), (does result have a high potential?) (multiple choice)	Description of high potential* (insert description, max 200 characters)	Audience or target group*	Steps undertaken towards exploitation**	Market maturity**
1	Cirular Economy Ontology Network (https://w3id.org/CEON/)	SCI (scientific discovery, model theory, etc.)	High technologic, business or economic potential	Through a shared vocabulary, the CEON ontology enables a multitude of stakeholders to share and consume data that enables new circular economy solutions.	Industry, business partner	Prototyping in laboratory environment	Market creating: not existing but potential for the creation of a new market
2	Open Circularity Platform (https://github.com/KNo wledgeOnWebScale/ope n-circularity-platform)	SCI (scientific discovery, model theory, etc.)	High scientific potential	The Open Circulatiry Platform provides businesses and idividuals with a secure platform to make their data available over the internet while perserving privacy and control of the data.	Industry, business partner	Prototyping in laboratory environment	Emerging: growing demand, scarce supply
3	Activity Cycles - an Circularity Compass extension	SCI (scientific discovery, model theory, etc.)		Activity Cycles enables stakeholders to more granulayr assess and model the activites related to the different phases of the circularity compass.	Industry, business partner	Prototyping in laboratory environment	Emerging: growing demand, scarce supply
4							
5							
7							
8							
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,	No	Single or joint ownership of results? (Indicate the number of owners)	Result owners [insert owner name(s)] [Entity or Individual] See how to for explanation	Owner country of establish ment [country]	Will the owners exploit the result? Yes or No.	In which form will the result be made available to other consortium members and/or third parties?	Does the exploitation of the results require access to background of one or several consortium members? (If Yes a compulsory question opens below). Yes or No.	Does the exploitation of the results require access to third party IPR? (If Yes, a compulsory question opens below). Yes, No, or Not Known	Exploitation requires access to background of consortium members. [insert measures taken /envisaged to give access to the background required for exploitation]	Exploitation requires access to third party IPR. [insert measures taken /envisaged to get access to the required IPR]
	1	1	шυ	Sweden	Yes	Open access	Yes	Not known	Individual agreements with respective stakeholder if not covered by the consortium agreement.	Individual agreements with respective stakeholder if not covered by the consortium agreement.
	2	2	IMEC	Belgium	Yes	Open access	Yes	Not known	Individual agreements with respective stakeholder if not covered by the consortium agreement.	Individual agreements with respective stakeholder if not covered by the consortium agreement.
	3	3	UHAM	Germany	Yes	Open access	Yes	Not known	Individual agreements with respective stakeholder if not covered by the consortium agreement.	Individual agreements with respective stakeholder if not covered by the consortium agreement.
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No	Description of datasets [insert description]	Type of PID	PID of deposited dataset insert PID reference	URL to repository (if required by WP is the repository federated under EOSC?) insert URL	Is this dataset available in open access through the repository? Yes or No.
1	A Survey of General Ontologies for the Cross-Industry Domain of Circular Economy	Other		https://github.com/LiUSemWeb/Circular- Economy-Ontology-Catalogue	Yes
2	CEON ontology network	URL	https://w3id.org/CEON/	https://liusemweb.github.io/CEON/	Yes

No	Standardization activities	Description (max 200 words) [insert short description of activities and reference to the relevant group]	Types of standardization bodies involved (multiple choice)	Names of standardization bodies involved insert name	Standard references (if any) insert reference
1	Participation in a technical committee	SIS/TK 616 - Circular Economy	National	Swedish Institute of Stndards	SIS/TK 616
2	Participation in a technical committee	ISO/TC 323 - Circular economy	International	International Organization for Standardization	ISO/TC 323
3	Participation in a technical committee	CEN/TC 473 - Circular Economy	European	European Committee for Standardization	CEN/TC 473
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No	Type of IP Rights	Application Title [insert title of the application]	Application Reference See how to for more information	Application Date [insert dd/mm/yyyy]	IPR Owner [insert owner name(s)]	IPR Status Has protection been awarded? Yes, No or NA	IPR Award Reference ID [insert reference]
1							
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No	Type of result	Description [insert description]	If the result is needed to validate the conclusions of a publication, describe the provisions whereby you intend to make your output available, either in digital or physical form? [N/A] [open access given to data] [[other: please describe]]	Type of PID (if available)	PID (if available) [insert PID reference]	URL to repository landing page for the result service/webpage hosting the result (if available) [insert URL]	What license is the result under
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